

IA32 vs. IA64

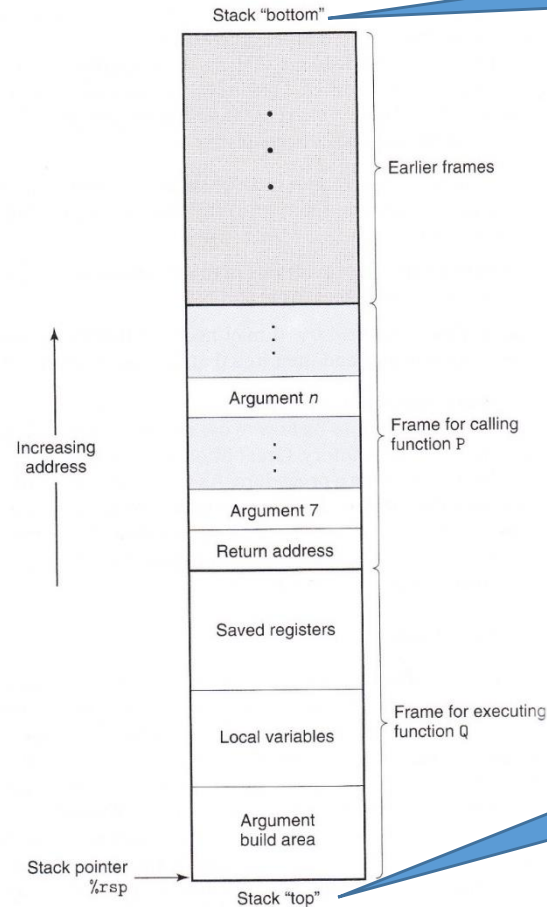
Computer Systems 3.7

Naming Convention Conflict

240 Chapter 3 Machine-Level Representation of Programs

Figure 3.25

General stack frame structure. The stack can be used for passing arguments, for storing return information, for saving registers, and for local storage. Portions may be omitted when not needed.



I call this the
"top of the stack"

I call this the
"bottom of the stack"

Why 64 bit addresses?

- 32 bit address space
 - 0x0000 0000 – xFFFF FFFF
 - 2^{32} bytes = 4G
 - if you put 3200 chars on a page, that's a stack of paper about 140 meters
- 64 bit address space
 - 0x0000 0000 0000 0000 – 0xFFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF
 - 2^{64} bytes = 16 exbibytes (4G x 4G) = $\sim 1.84 \times 10^{19}$
 - Squares the amount of memory that can be addressed!
 - That's twice from the earth to the sun and back!

But that's not all that changed!

- IA64 has a whole new set of conventions!
- We won't study, but we will go through an example

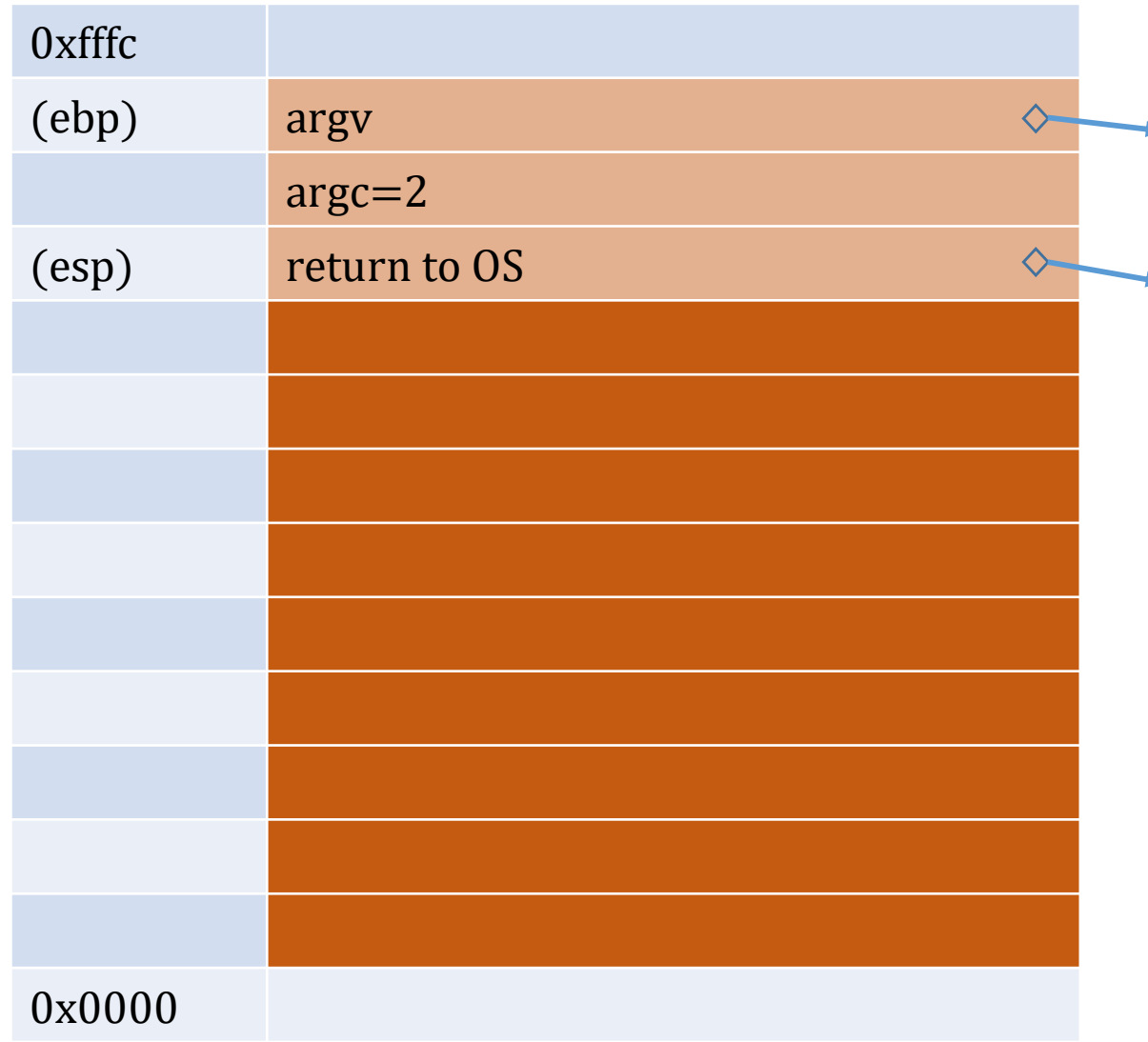
C Code...

See http://www.cs.binghamton.edu/~tbartens/CS220_Spring_2016/examples/xmp_swap/

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int x,y;  
    x=atoi(argv[1]); y=atoi(argv[2]);  
    swap(&x,&y);  
}
```

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp) {  
    int t0 = *xp;  
    int t1 = *yp;  
    *xp = t1;  
    *yp = t0;  
}
```

Stack before OS transfers to main...



X86 prologue for “main”

main: pushl %ebp ; save base pointer on stack

movl %esp, %ebp ; Reset base pointer to current stack pointer

andl \$-16, %esp ; esp = esp & 0xfff0 – start on qword boundary

subl \$32, %esp; Allocate 32 bytes for locals (int x,y)

main:

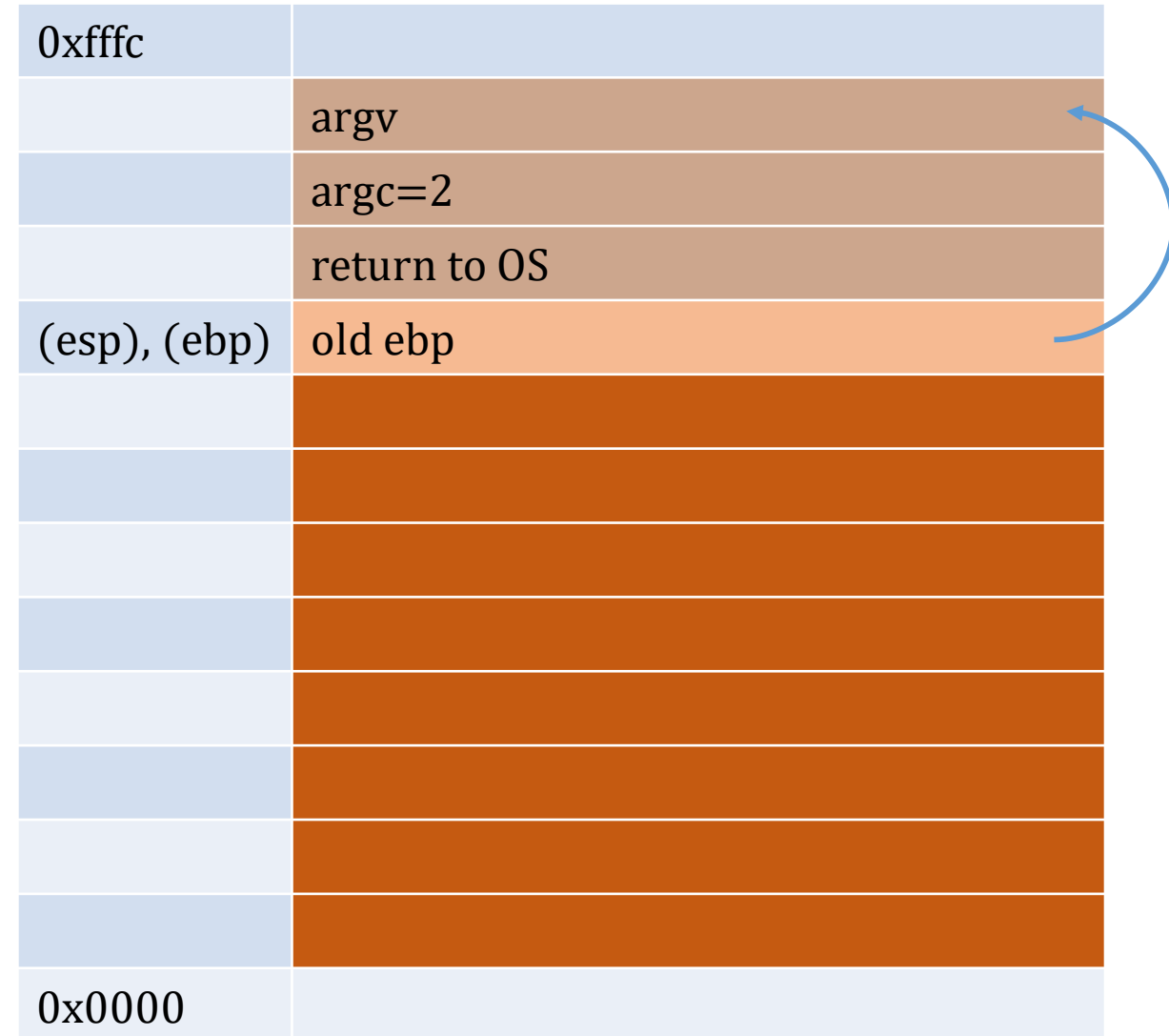
```
pushl    %ebp
movl %esp, %ebp
andl $-16, %esp
subl $32, %esp
```

[illegible]


```
main:      pushl    %ebp
           movl    %esp, %ebp
           andl    $-16, %esp
           subl    $32, %esp
```

main preamble

```
main:    pushl    %ebp
         movl    %esp, %ebp
         andl    $-16, %esp
         subl    $32, %esp
```



```
main:    pushl    %ebp
         movl   %esp, %ebp
         andl   $-16, %esp
         subl   $32, %esp
```

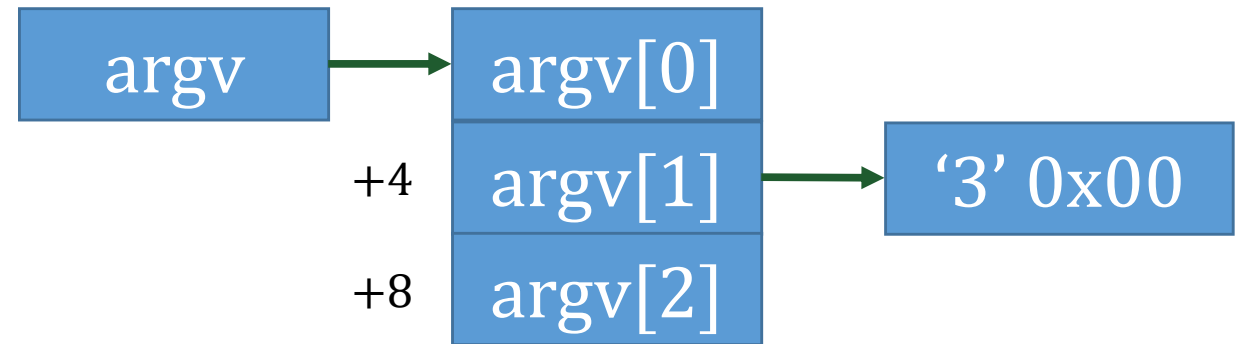
0xffffc	
	argv
	argc=2
	return to OS
(ebp)	old ebp
	x
	y
(esp)	...
0x0000	

Stack after main preamble...

0xffffc	
(ebp)+12	argv
	argc
	return to OS
(ebp)	old ebp
	x
	y
(esp)	...
0x0000	

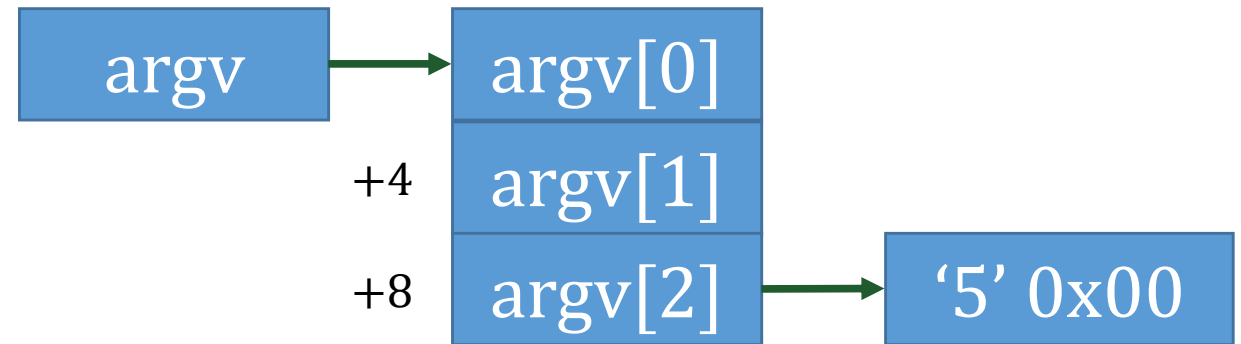
x=atoi(argv[1])

```
movl 12(%ebp), %eax
addl $4, %eax
movl (%eax), %eax
movl %eax, (%esp)
call atoi
movl %eax, 28(%esp)
```

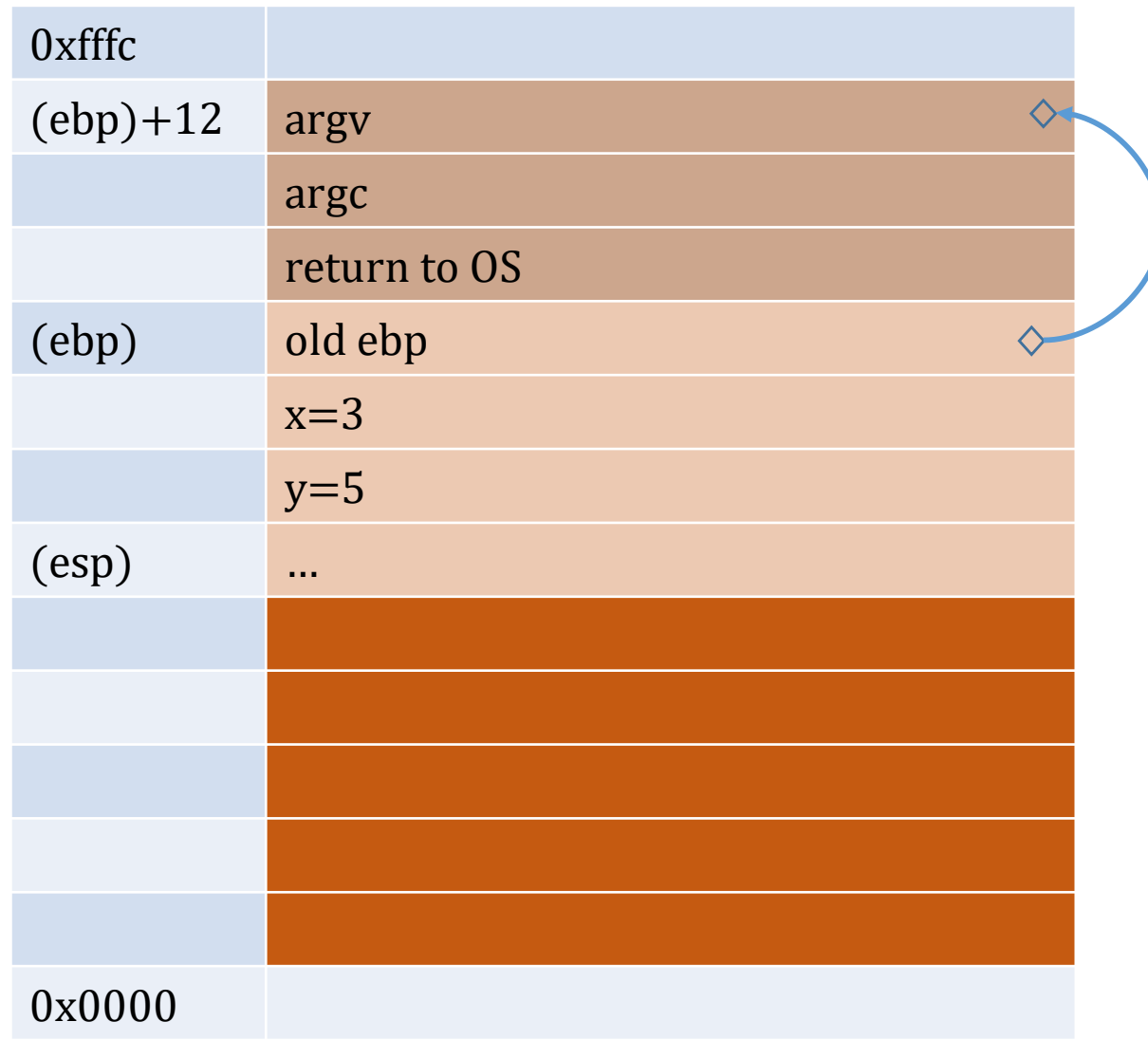


y=atoi(argv[2]);

```
movl 12(%ebp), %eax
addl $8, %eax
movl (%eax), %eax
movl %eax, (%esp)
call atoi
movl %eax, 24(%esp)
```

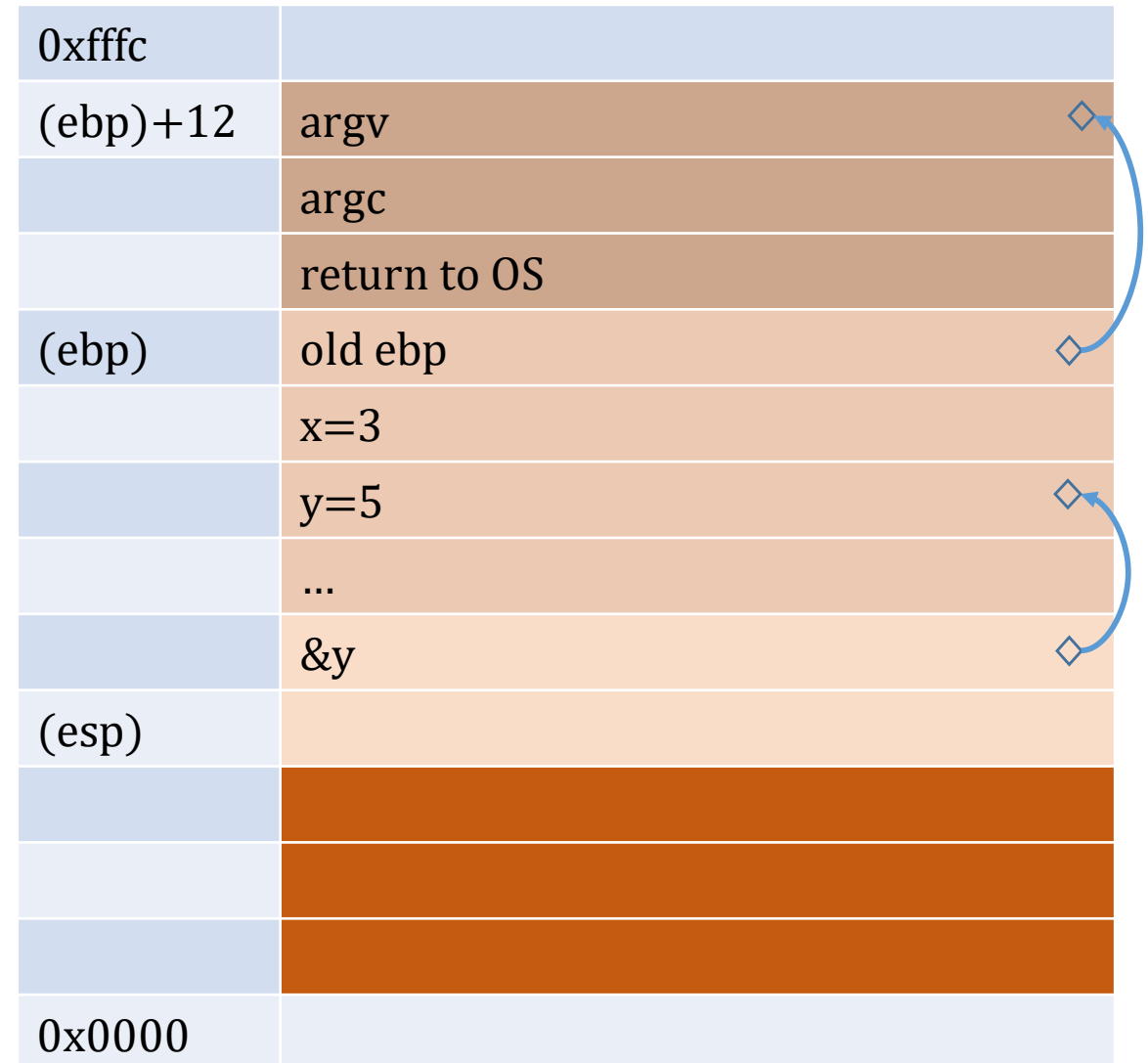


Stack after atoi calls...



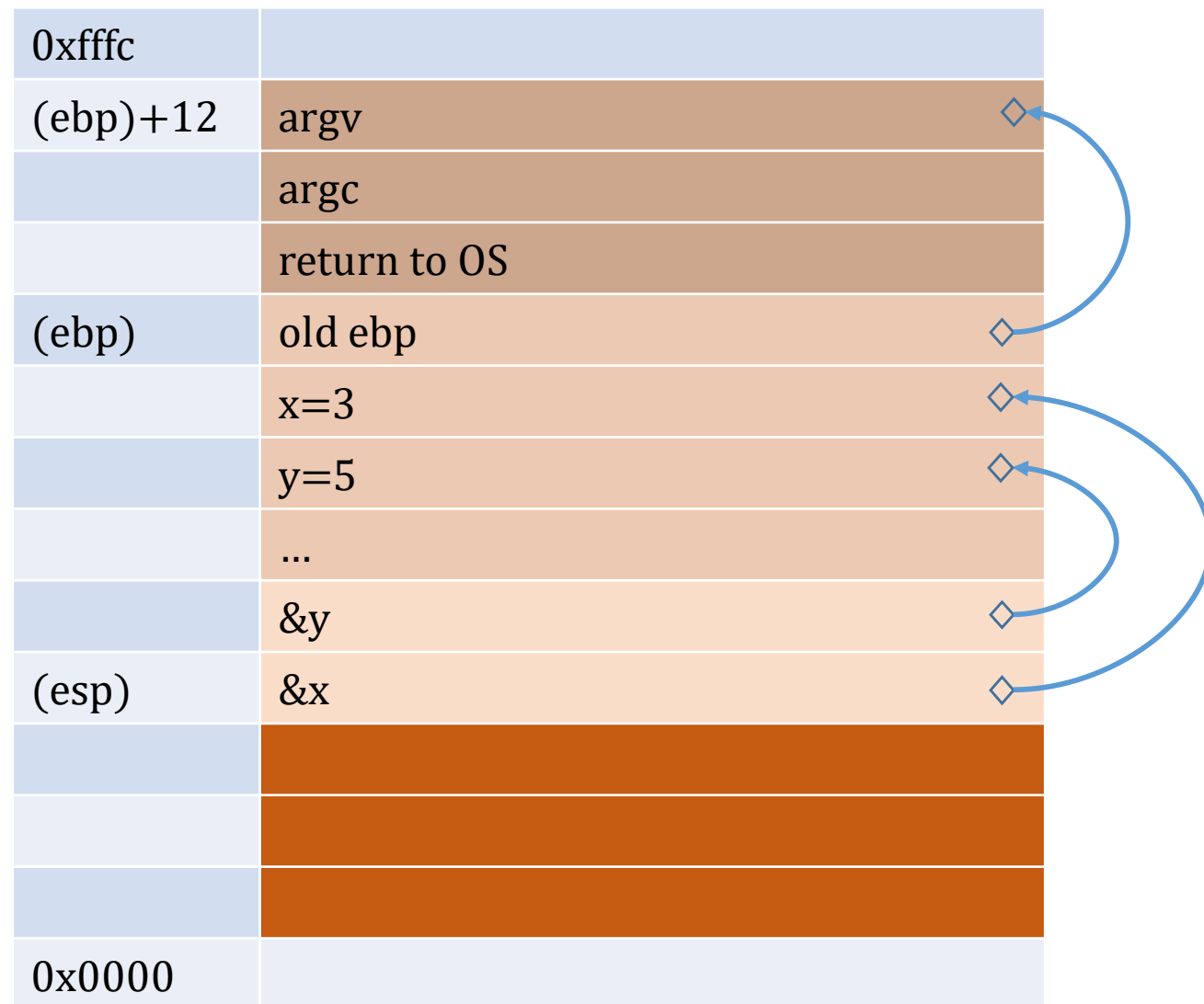
main invocation of swap

```
leal 24(%esp), %eax
movl %eax, 4(%esp)
leal 28(%esp), %eax
movl %eax, (%esp)
call swap
```

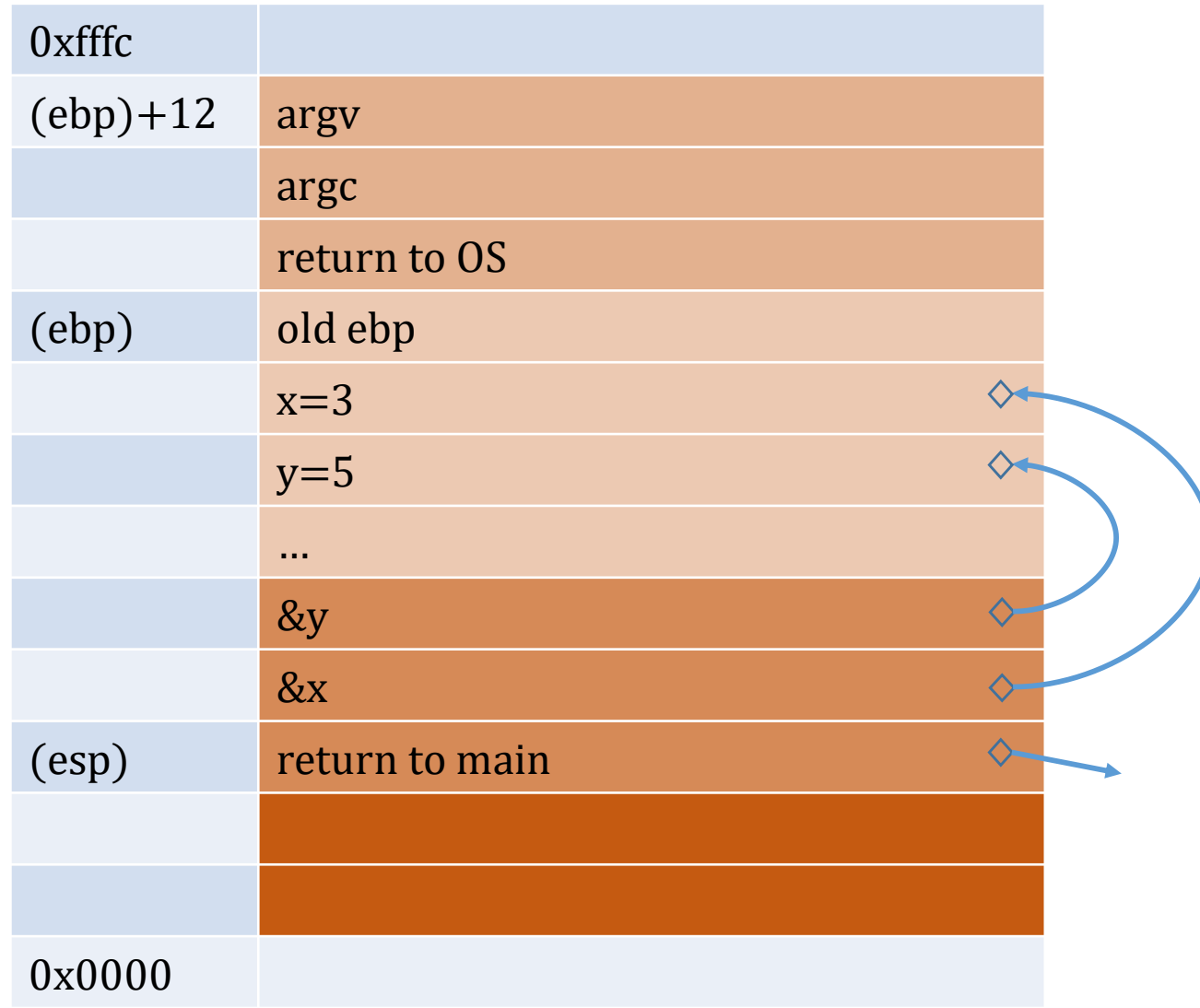


main invocation of swap

```
leal 24(%esp), %eax
movl %eax, 4(%esp)
leal 28(%esp), %eax
movl %eax, (%esp)
call swap
```



Stack at start of swap...



swap prologue

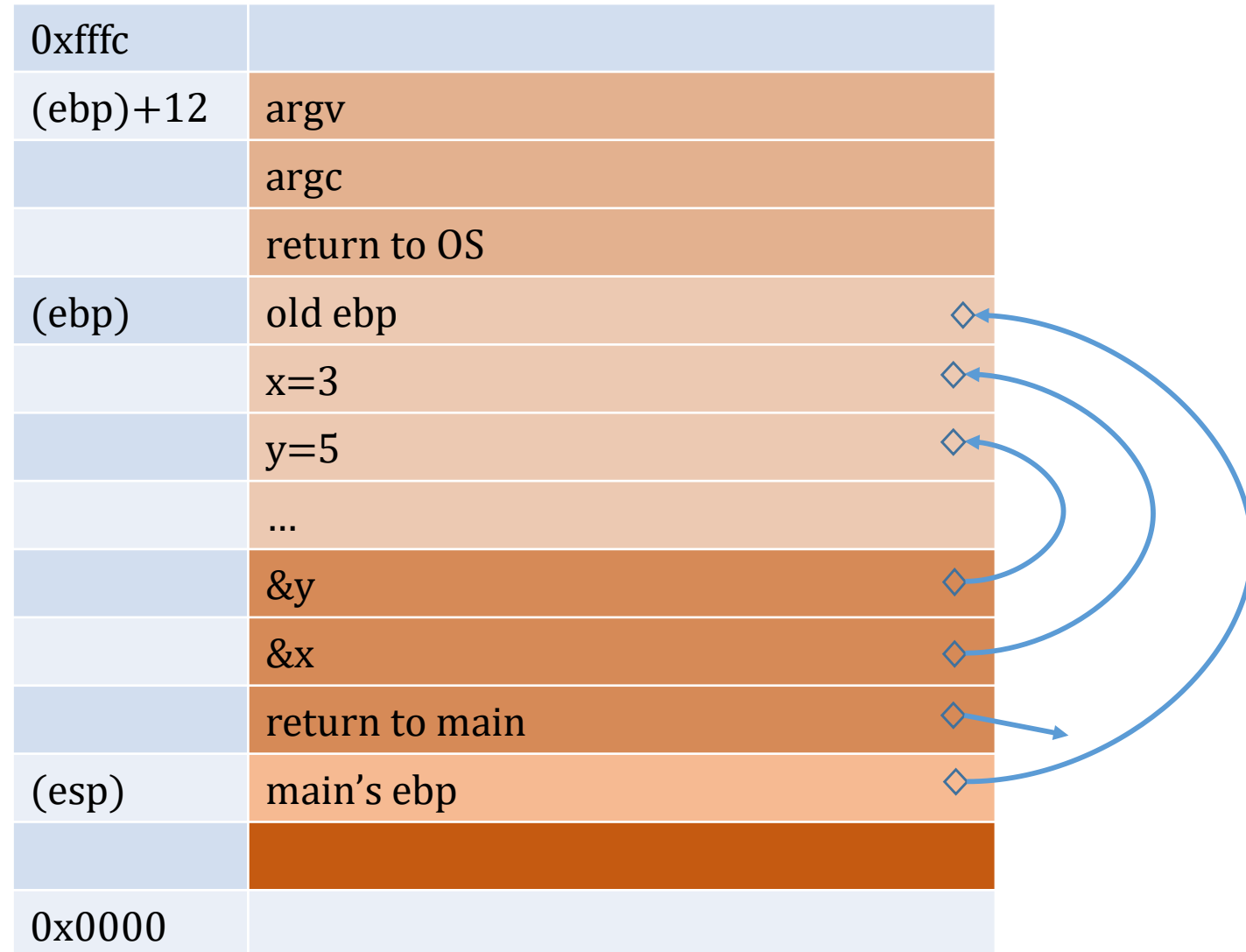
```
swap: pushl %ebp  
      movl  %esp, %ebp  
      subl  $16, %esp
```

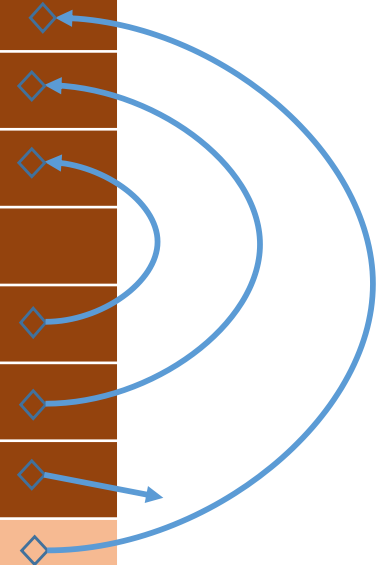
swap prologue

swap: pushl %ebp

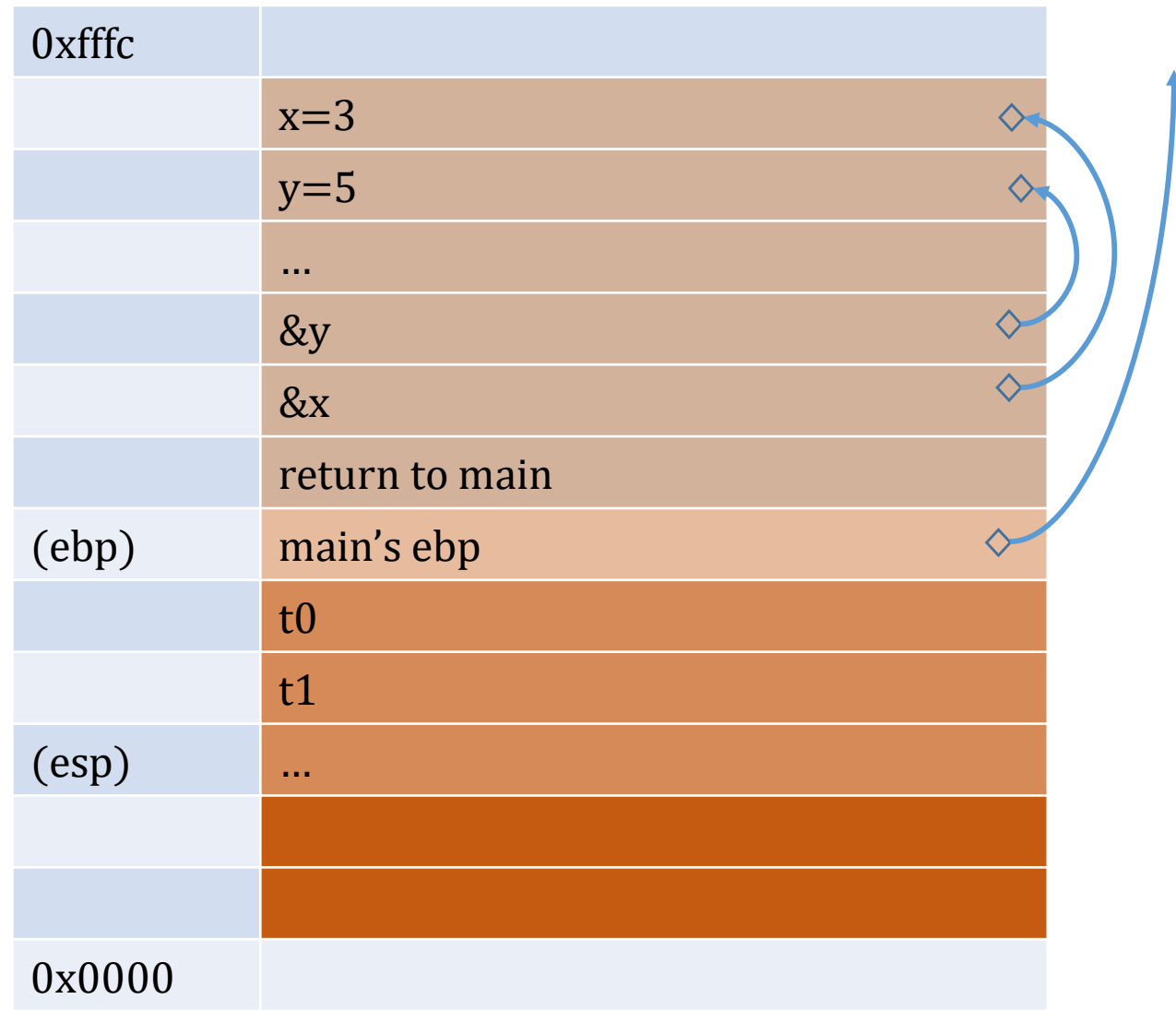
movl %esp, %ebp

subl \$16, %esp





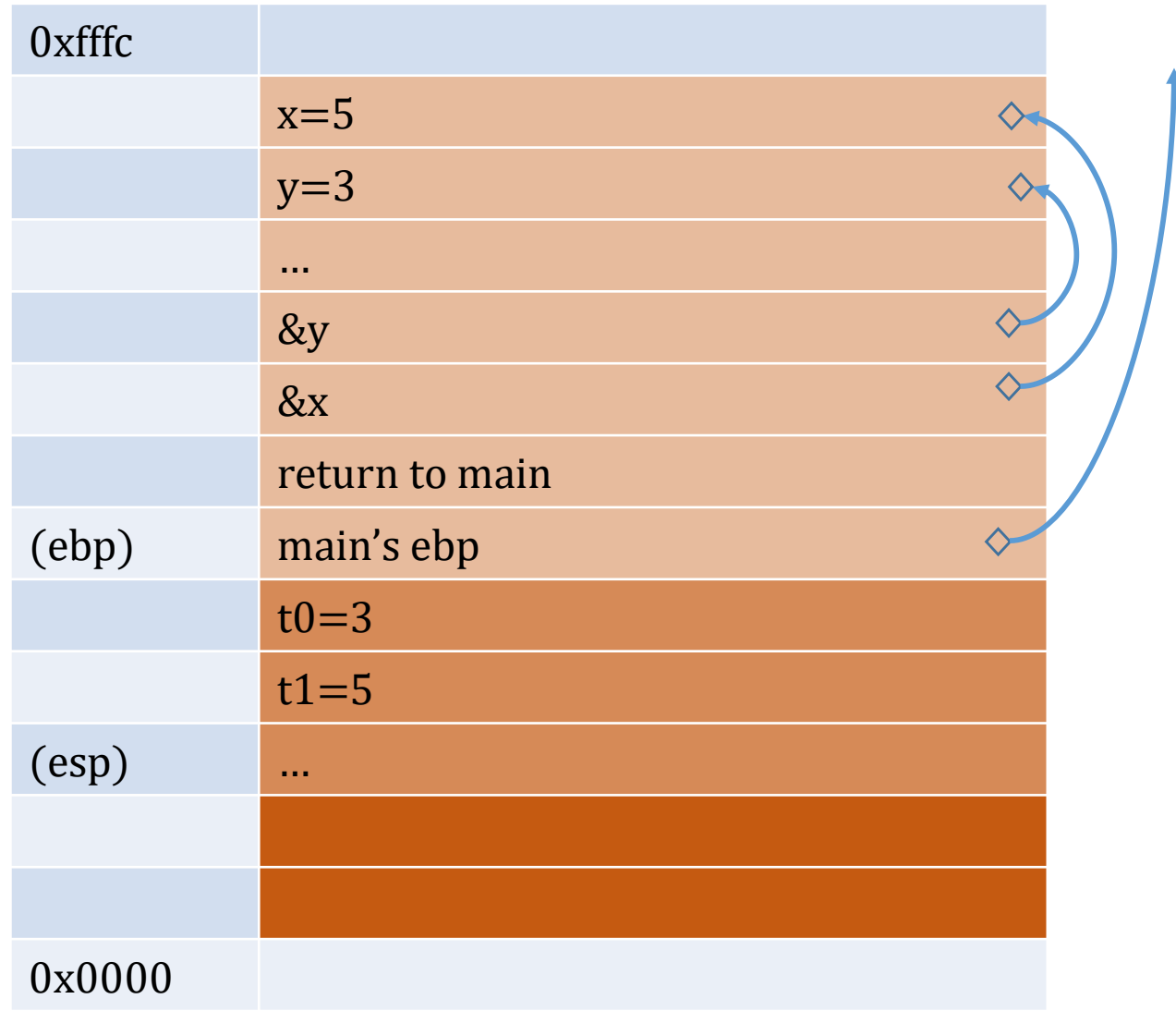
Stack after swap prologue



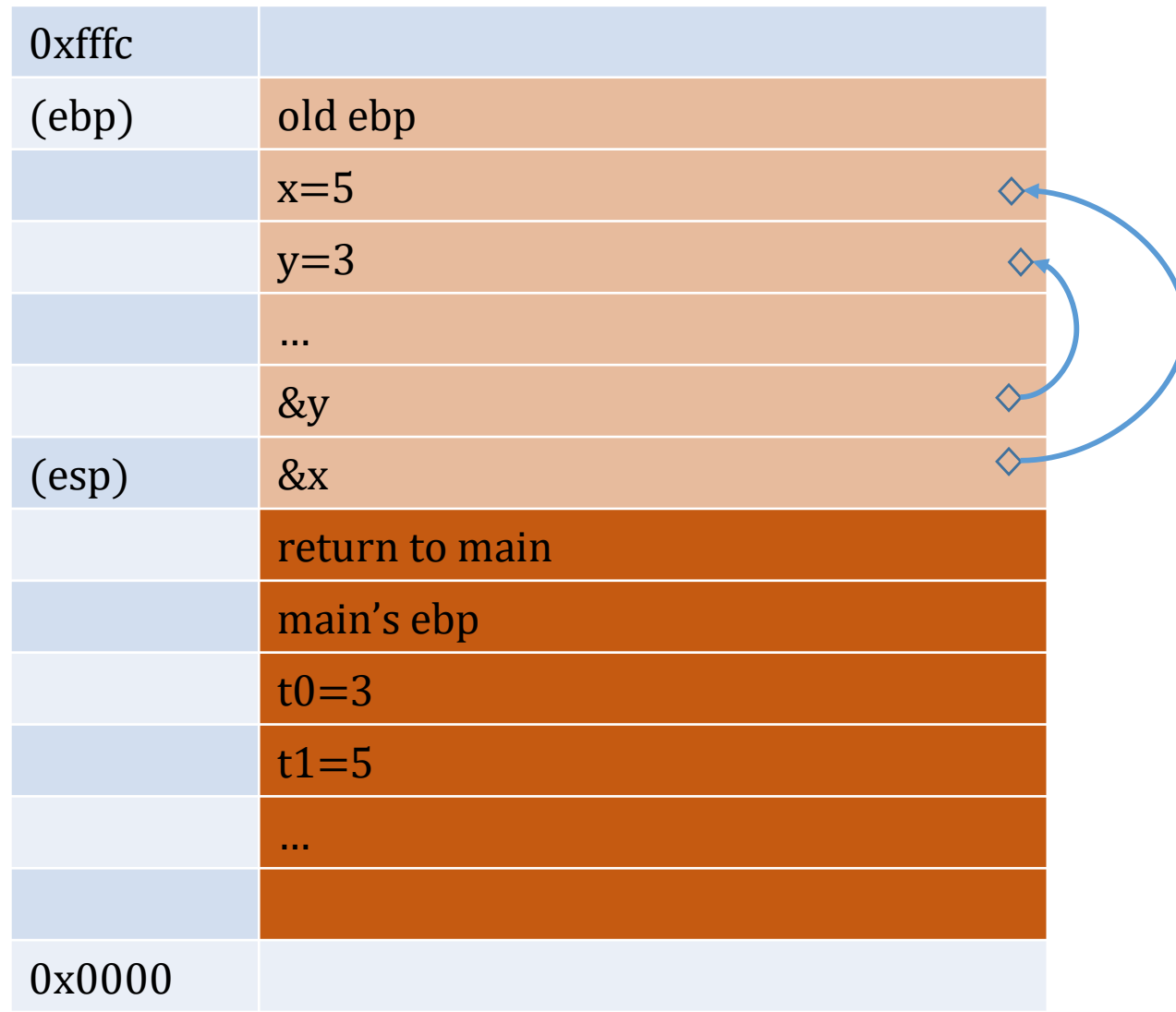
swap guts

```
movl    8(%ebp), %eax      ; eax=&x
movl    (%eax), %eax       ; eax=*&x=x=3
movl    %eax, -4(%ebp)     ; t0=eax=3
movl    12(%ebp), %eax     ; eax=&y
movl    (%eax), %eax       ; eax=*&y= y=5
movl    %eax, -8(%ebp)     ; t1=eax=5
movl    8(%ebp), %eax      ; eax=&x
movl    -8(%ebp), %edx     ; edx=t1=5
movl    %edx, (%eax)       ; *eax (or x)=edx=5
movl    12(%ebp), %eax     ; eax=&y
movl    -4(%ebp), %edx     ; edx=t0=3
movl    %edx, (%eax)       ; *eax (or y)=3
```

Stack after swap guts



Stack after swap return



IA64 Register Conventions

- First four parameters are contained in registers:
%RDI, %RSI, %RCX, %RDX
- Local Variables kept in registers:
e.g. %RBP, %RBX
- Return value: %RAX
- Bottom of Stack: %RSP

IA64 Stack Usage

- No longer use %RBP to keep track of “top of stack frame”
- Require %RSP is the same before/after a call (among others)
- Use stack to keep saved state
- Use stack for parameters if there are more than 4
- Use stack for local variables if you run out of registers
- Use stack for return address
- Only use stack if necessary

64-bit code for swap

swap:

```
movl    (%rdi), %edx
movl    (%rsi), %eax
movl    %eax,  (%rdi)
movl    %edx,  (%rsi)
```

```
ret
```

} Set
Up

} Body

} Finish

- Operands passed in registers
 - 64-bit pointers
 - First (xp) in %rdi,
 - second (yp) in %rsi
- All local variables in registers
 - t0 in %eax, t1 in %edx
- No stack operations required
- 32-bit data
 - Data held in registers %eax and %edx
 - movl operation